



MONTHLY ROUND UP – MARCH 2014

PROGRAMME AND PROJECT HIGHLIGHTS

Global News: [Austrian NAMA Initiative](#) and the [NAMA Facility](#) Launch Calls for Proposals



A NAMA support facility entitled the [Austrian NAMA Initiative](#) was launched on March 13 and is now accessible under the UNFCCC NAMA Registry. Supported by the Austrian Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, Environment and Water Management and managed by Kommunalkredit Public Consulting, the initiative provides grants on a competitive basis to assist with the development and piloting of NAMAs. The areas of focus are Africa, Least Developed Countries (LDCs), and Small Island Developing States (SIDS). Although not all terms of the support are finalized, it is noted on the Austrian NAMA Initiative website that the maximum amount of financial support is EUR 500,000 and eligible sectors are energy supply, buildings, and energy efficiency. Deadlines for application to the Initiative and application forms are not yet provided on the website, and this information will be posted when it becomes available.

Demonstrating the growing availability of NAMA

SAVE the DATES!!



22 April 2014

LECB / WRI Joint Webinar

Good Practices Contributing to an Effective National GHG Inventory System

Register [here](#)

implementation support, the [NAMA Facility announced the launch of its 2nd Call for NAMA Project Outlines](#). Through this call, national governments of developing countries and emerging economies as well as delivery organisations are invited to submit their NAMA Support Project Outlines to the NAMA Facility by 15 July (12pm CEST/GMT+2).

As with the first call in 2013, it is the objective of the NAMA Facility to support the concrete implementation of highly ambitious and feasible NAMA projects that fit into the context of a broader NAMA and have the potential to catalyse transformation change towards low-carbon-development. The Facility offers a [General Information Document](#) and a [template](#) to manage the process. They've also published a [Lessons Learned](#) presentation based on outcomes of last year's NAMA Facility call for proposals.

GSU News: The LECB Global Support Unit Welcomes a New Team Member



The LECB Global Support Unit is happy to announce a new addition to the HQ team! Ekaterina Berman joined Environment and Energy Group as a Programme Associate for the Low Emission Capacity Building (LECB) Programme, as of 1 April 2014.

Ekaterina joins us from the Bureau of External Relations and Advocacy (BERA)/ MDG Achievement Fund, where she served as Operations Associate since December 2012 on areas related to budget and work planning processes, operations and financial management.

Prior to working with BERA, Ekaterina worked with UNDP Russia (2003-2007) and since 2010 in HQ: UNDP/HDRO, UNDP/RBA, UN Women. With over 8 years of experience in the UN System, Ekaterina has extensive knowledge and experience of administration, programme management &



14-16 May 2014
LAC Regional Workshop:
Engaging the Private Sector
on Mitigation Action
Santiago, Chile

operations including procurement both in the field and at HQ.

Ekaterina holds a Master's degree in audit and accounting from Moscow State University of International Relations, Russia and speaks English and Russian fluently.

Ekaterina is located at UNDP HQ in New York (room no. FF-950) and can be reached at +1 212 906 5412 or at Ekaterina.berman@undp.org. Please help us in welcoming Ekaterina to the team.

National Project Spotlight: Training Workshop on LEDS and MRV in the DRC



Eighty-four LECB stakeholders participated in a training workshop on (a) how to develop an MRV system and (b) what would be the roadmap for development of a Low Emission Development Strategy (LEDS). The workshop took place in Kinshasa on 24 February. The ECN-Ecofys discussion paper, [MRV paper Measuring, Reporting and Verifying Nationally Appropriate Mitigation Actions: Reflecting experiences under the Mitigation Momentum Project](#) was used to kickstart the discussions on key considerations in designing an MRV system.

It was agreed that the MRV system would apply SMART indicators to related NAMA activities and their impacts, and would need to be flexible enough to be applied for any type of NAMA, be it strategy, programmatic, policy or a project NAMA. Monitoring and reporting responsibilities were also adopted, along with suggested verification responsibilities. The proposed MRV design will be refined throughout the lifetime of the LECB project as NAMAs and LEDS are elaborated, in order to ensure its applicability.



14-16 October 2014

LECB Global Annual Meeting
Brussels, Belgium

National Project Spotlight: LECB Morocco hosts national workshop on the Ecological

LOW EMISSION CAPACITY BUILDING PROGRAMME

Morocco

Project ID: 10001411
Start Date: 2013-01-28
Completion: 2013-01-28
Responsible Center: 10001411
Project ID: 10001411
Admin:

TERMS/PHASE: Phase 2013 - February 2013

IMPLEMENTING AGENCY: National Committee of Climate Change, Ministry of Energy, Water, Urban and Environment

PROGRAMME AREA: Urban and Procurement

SCOPE: JICA, UNIOA, WFP, BAPN

SECTORS: Public Energy (water, wind, transport, urban, water, etc.)
Private/Industry/industry, cement, agriculture

National Stats

Location: Rabat, Morocco
 Total Area: 446,000 sq km²
 Population: 32,000,000 people
 GDP per capita: \$1,500
 CO₂ emissions: 1.00 metric tons per capita
 CO₂ emissions: 1.00 metric tons per capita

Country Documents

National Communication (November 2012)
 National Communication (November 2012)
 Second National Communication (December 2012)
 Independent Workshop (20 December 2012, Rabat)
 Workshop (20 December 2012, Rabat)

COUNTRY CONTEXT

Morocco has a large of ecosystems ranging from various desert types along the Atlantic coast and the Atlantic Ocean to different mountainous areas of the Atlas and the Rif. Therefore the country experiences a broad range of climate change impacts to which it is adapting, while at the same time it has adopted a proactive policy to diversify its economic growth from OED depending, committed that the implementation of a policy to integrate climate change by reducing GHG emissions contribute to sustainable development, including through the production of a clean technology. The national strategy for renewable energy development and transmission of energy efficiency targets to:

- reduce energy consumption in buildings, industry and transportation by 12% by 2020 and 30% in 2030. 40% of the required savings are expected to arise from industry's 27% from transportation, 14% from residential energy use and 14% for the service sector.
- bring the installed capacity of renewable energy to 42% (14% solar, wind 14% hydro and 14% of the total electrical capacity by 2020).

additionally there are a number of more efforts underway to address climate change, including the National Plan to Fight Against Desert (launched in 2012), which includes mitigation and adaptation measures in energy, transport, water, agriculture, forestry and the construction sector. Currently also a National Charter on Sustainable Development and Environment is under development. A National Strategy on Climate Change is under finalisation in collaboration with UNFCCC. The Ministry of Housing, Spatial Planning and Urban Policy has implemented a plan to set more energy efficient, low high Commission for Planning has launched a "green city" initiative.

Morocco has also been a partner in the adoption and implementation of the Green Development Mechanism (GDM) in Africa. It was the first and only African country to do so and the African region's regulator is Development Finance Authority (DFA), which is required institutional framework for national adaptation (NCA) projects. The DFA has been well established in Morocco in 2010. The DFA national

A national workshop on the ecological footprint approach was organized on January 28, 2014 in Rabat under the theme "Ecological Footprint an asset for sustainable development in a context of increasing constraints".

50 participants representing 32 institutions (government departments, agencies, experts and donors / UNDP) participated. The workshop was made possible by experts from the Francophonie Institute for Sustainable Development, the Global Footprint Network and the Ministry in charge of Environment.

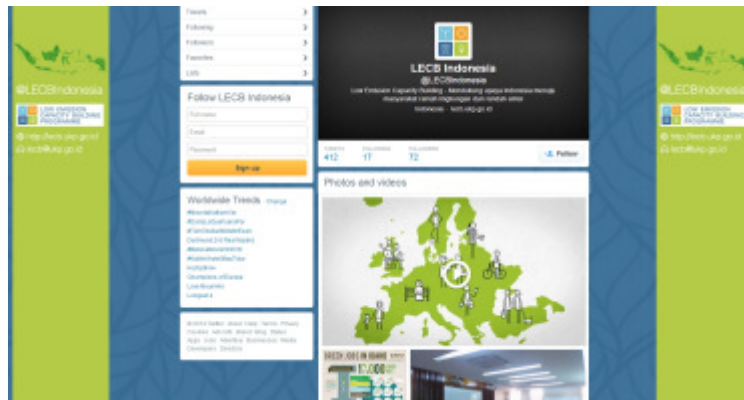
Under the LECB project, the workshop's objective was to examine how the ecological footprint methodology can contribute to the development of a strategic vision for Morocco's National Strategy for Sustainable Development.

The discussion centered on:

- The ecological footprint as a tool for measuring sustainable development;
- Results of the footprint for Morocco in the context of the Mediterranean region;
- Presentation of the National Strategy for Sustainable Development.

Current development programming is mainly assessed against GDP growth, which can be unsustainable if measures to reduce GHG and the pressure on natural resources are not factored in. The workshop enabled participants to come to terms with the importance of taking into account the ecological boundary of development in order for decision-makers to set development priorities that are sustainable.

National Project Spotlight: LECB Visibility In Indonesia



The LECB Project in Indonesia has launched a comprehensive visibility campaign that includes regular updates on project activities, upcoming events, related news stories, presentations and insightful info-graphics. Their long-term visibility and knowledge sharing initiative is expected to include tools and features such as: discussion forums, online classes, a newsletter, and a policy making competition survey. Great work, LECB Indonesia!

To check out their work and get ideas for your own awareness-raising campaigns, visit:

Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/pages/LECB-Indonesia/200144023517275?ref=stream>

Twitter: <https://twitter.com/LECBIndonesia>

Youtube, LECB

Channel: http://www.youtube.com/channel/UCe0IEixn-HQ6_yfq-Quj1hQ

Partner spotlight: Latin American & Caribbean Regional Workshop on 'MRV of NAMAs as a Key Element of National MRV Systems'



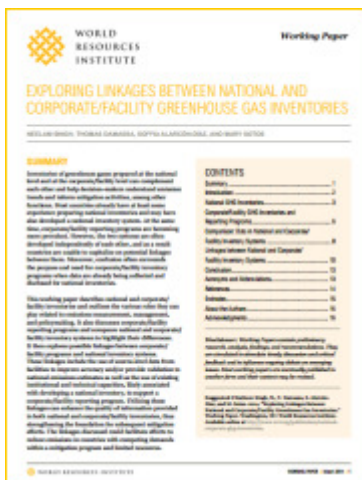
On March 6-8, the World Bank's Partnership for Mitigation Readiness (PMR) and the International Partnership on Mitigation and MRV conducted a Latin America & the Caribbean Regional Workshop for on measuring, reporting, and verification (MRV) in Mexico City, entitled MRV of NAMAs as a Key Element of National MRV Systems. The goals of the workshop were to exchange good practice case studies and lessons learned on MRV systems, build capacities on MRV design and implementation, and discuss issues related to capturing emission impacts of NAMAs. Several interesting subject areas were covered, including: the building blocks of these systems, GHG emissions reporting mechanisms and what are the synergies with NAMA reporting, and

considerations for data management systems and institutional arrangements. The Workshop also provided a platform for exchange of ideas and to discuss country-specific MRV issues being encountered in the field, including case studies that were provided for numerous countries including Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, and Mexico.

The MRV workshop directly followed the 8th meeting of the PMR Partnership Assembly (PA) held earlier in the week, also in Mexico City. The topic of the PA discussions were domestic approaches to greenhouse gas mitigation. This included a high-level conference on domestic action and carbon pricing instruments such as the Mexico carbon tax on fossil fuels introduced earlier this year, China's piloting of domestic emissions trading schemes, and Thailand's proposal for an energy efficiency trading scheme.

For more information visit <https://www.thepmr.org/events/eventlist/technical-trainings/second-mrv-regional-training-workshop-latin-america-caribbean>

Resource: Exploring Linkages Between National and Corporate/Facility Greenhouse Gas Inventories



The World Resources Institute (WRI) has released a working paper exploring linkages between national and corporate/facility greenhouse gas (GHG) inventories.

National and corporate/facility level GHG inventory systems can help countries address climate change. However, these systems are often developed independently of each other, and confusion exists regarding the purpose of and need for each inventory type. This working paper seeks to describe national and corporate/facility GHG inventories, highlighting major differences.

The paper also explores potential inventory system linkages to support the efficient use of country

-  lowemission@undp.org
-  www.lowemissiondevelopment.org
-  <https://undp.unteamworks.org/node/212>
-  +1.212.906.6905

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resources.

The paper can be downloaded at:

<http://www.wri.org/publication/exploring-linkages-between-national-and-corporatefacility-greenhouse-gas-inventories>

To contribute to future editions of the Monthly Round Up please write to: lowemission@undp.org